



Regen Ag Farm Systems

- Lonsdale Sheep Dairy, Springston
- 36ha good silt soils, 300+ milking ewes
- Irrigated
- First milking season 2018/19
- Heather, Katrina & Rod McMillan
- Member of Sheep Milk Supply Group



Sheep Milk Supply Group



The workers - Heather, Katrina (& Becky)



Employees of the month East Friesian/ Lacuane



Our future – healthy soils, pastures & animals



The big picture...

- Theme = Functional Farming Systems
- Regen Ag = healthy soils/ pastures/ animals
- A more balanced approach to biological systems
- Visible system results

Repeatable across pastoral farming So we have adopted this approach

Start with the end in mind...



Clover [Legume] as 'kingmaker' Fix 25-30kg N/ t DM



New Zealand's specialist land-based university



Context – the challenge in front of us:

 Historical comparative advantage - 'clean & green' low cost farming

• Future Farms – quality farming systems

 Environmentally robust & profitable, e.g. soil integrity/product traceability, nutrient dense pastures & output

Regain comparative advantage through innovation

Our Kiwi colleagues remind us...

- Prof. Derrick Moot [Lincoln Uni] "although artificial nitrogen had 'fed the world', it's environmental downside is such that should NZ farming practices continue their present track there would need to be a conversation around the survival of pastoral farming"
- Prof Walker, Prof Langer, Prof White, and Drs. Warwick Scott, and Dick Lucas, et. al. echo the same story... I am a disciple of theirs.

The FF approach we are following





Functional Fertiliser [Peter Burton]:

- Unique system's approach [15-20 Yrs. data]
- Sound biologically ['first do no harm']
- Scientifically robust
- Cause-&-effect transparency & accountability

Farmers report <u>significantly enhanced</u> outputs:

- Steady increase in pasture production
- Carbon sequestering
- Significantly enhanced soil drainage & water quality
- Farm within strict environmental standards, etc.

The metrics - flux meter





Intensive Dairy Nitrate-N concentrations in soil water Edgecumbe, NZ



Nitrate-N concentrations in soil water Edgecumbe, NZ



Nitrate-N concentrations in soil water Edgecumbe, NZ



Carbon is being sequestered - based on monthly pasture-cut data:





9 yr. trend line 15.6 to 21 t/ ha c. 35% lift 12 yr. trend line 14.1 to 17.9 t/ha c. 27% lift

Whole-of-farm systems approach:

- Mitigate seductive risk of 'bag-N'
- DoloZest & CalciZest
- Unique soil improvers using
- Dolomite, Lime; & biocarbons
- +selected beneficial soil fungi & bacteria
- Accelerates digestion of organic matter,
- ...and yes, it does work...





FF total-nutrient programmes are:

- Factored on a nutrient replacement model
- Intensive dairy, P, K & S applied in spring & autumn
- Inputs calculated on the well-proven MAF-developed nutrient model
- Active monitoring soil test at Yr. 1, then @ 3-yrly
- Benchmarked farm walk-talk-&-measure
- Research-informed
- Accompanied by expert advice along the journey



Our place = CalciZest applied 2019 – starting the journey



CalciZest – Ca + beneficial bacteria & fungi





DoloZest and CalciZest were developed on the understanding that by speeding the decomposition process and the subsequent increase in humus, a lift in both the quantity and quality of pasture could be achieved.



Good practice FMGT: key to optimising outputs across complex biological systems - soils/ pastures/ animals, e.g. grazing/ recovery & the natural growth curve:





Good practice FMGT scenario:

- Grazing at the optimal point of the growth curve ensuring more energy in every mouthful
- Enriched nature & quality of sward/ protein
- White clover [legume] as 'kingmaker'
- Lower animal weight loss with higher production
- Deeper plant roots for greater nutrient uptake
- Balanced pasture growth across the season
- Lower incidence of weeds and pests
- Reduced need for pasture renewal



Under a Functional Fertiliser programme:

- Pastures naturally move from lower fertility to higher fertility – the opposite of a 'conventional' system
- Soil nutrient costs are essentially the same
- In relative terms lower SU/ha with a higher per animal performance
- Reduced animal wastage due to improved condition & mating performance
- Lower animal health costs





Adjacent farms/pdks at BOP – FF at right

It's a journey of learning for all of us...



Thank Ewe